

Test Report

to

UL LLC POC: David Toshack 12 Laboratory Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC on

Characterization of Test Garments Using the PyroMan[™] System following NFPA 2112-2023 edition, section 8.5 Report # 2023-1019 Style GDI49

from

Textile Protection and Comfort Center (T-PACC)
College of Textiles
North Carolina State University
Raleigh, North Carolina 27695-8301

Issue Date: 10/19/2023

This report has been reviewed and authorized for release to the customer. This report meets all the requirement of ISO 17025 and the UL DAP.

Anthonsy Shawn Deaton
Operations Director/ A. Shawn Deaton

10/20/2023

Date



Characterization of Test Garments Using the PyroManTM System: Report # 2023-1019 Style GDI49

UL LLC submitted coveralls and undergarments to the Textile Protection and Comfort Center (TPACC) in the Wilson College of Textiles at North Carolina State University. These garments were evaluated for a resistance to a simulated flash fire exposure outlined in NFPA 2112-2023 ed.: Standard on Flame-Resistant Garments for Protection of Industrial Personnel Against Short-Duration Thermal Exposures from Fire, section 8.5 in the TPACC Thermal Lab in Raleigh NC. This test evaluates the material of construction used in a standard coverall and does not apply to a garment design evaluation or an end-use garment evaluations. Any deviations from this standard were approved by the client prior to testing and are listed in Appendix A. The purpose of this report is to describe the testing system, test items and to present the results.

NCSU PyroManTM Test System

The PyroManTM System consists of a number of components, designed to work together to measure the performance of protective clothing under full scale, flash fire exposure conditions. The most important requirements of this flash fire system are safe operation and reproducibility.

A list of all the equipment used for this testing along with the dates of calibration for the equipment that require calibration are stored internally on a North Carolina State University data storage system. This list can be provided to the client upon request.

A measurement uncertainty calculation was made for this system using 96 flame resistance garments. The measurement uncertainty was found to be $1.66\%~2^{nd}$ degree burn prediction or higher or this system.

Test Materials

UL LLC indicated ensembles were laundered prior to arrival. As garments are the test item, no sampling was required. Listed below is the sample ID and material description, as provided by UL LLC.

Sample ID Style GDI49 Description

48% Tencel (Viscose)/ 38% Modacrylic/ 12% Para-

Aramid/ 2% Antistatic, Twill Weave, 6.7 osy,

Color-Black,

Test Results

Prior to testing, a nude manikin verification was done with a 3 seconds exposure. All test garments were evaluated with an average heat flux of $2.00 \text{ cal/cm}^2\text{sec} \pm 0.1 \text{ cal/cm}^2\text{sec}$ with a flash fire exposure of 3 seconds. In addition, at the end of each testing day another 3 second exposure is done to ensure the calibration did not drift significantly during the testing day. Test results for each test item are summarized in Table 1. Detailed data, including Pre/Post nude manikin

verifications, test data sheet, burn injury prediction graphic, and before and after pictures, are found in Appendix B. In addition, videos related to this test will be sent along with the report.

This report indicates that Style GDI49 produced an overall average predicted burn of 14.48%. This prediction was produced from a total of 122 sensors covering the entire surface of the manikin (excluding hands and feet) with each sensor being equally weighted. This report does not provide any interpretation of the results and cannot declare if a result is passing or failing. This report is only intended to report the data from the test conducted. No test results were provided by an external provider.

<u>Caveat</u>: These data characterize the properties of materials or assemblies in response to radiant and convective energy under controlled laboratory conditions and should not be used to appraise the safety benefits or risk of materials, products, or assemblies under actual fire conditions. They are the results of specific laboratory exposures; extrapolations to other types of heat exposures or different combinations of radiant, convective and conductive assaults cannot be made. They are not presented to predict all types of field conditions where the nature of the thermal exposures can be physically complicated and unqualified. We wish to emphasize that it is not our intention to recommend, exclude, or predict the suitability of any commercial product for a particular end-use.

Table 1. Summary of Test Results

Burn (#)	NCSU File ID	Flame Exposure (sec)	Sample ID	Predicted Burn (%)		Breakopen		
				2nd	3rd	Overall	Yes	Max
							No	Length
								(cm)
1	231019K	3	Style GDI49, Rep #B-1	7.377	7.377	14.75	No	N/A
2	231019L	3	Style GDI49, Rep #B-2	5.738	7.377	13.11	No	N/A
3	231019M	3	Style GDI49, Rep #B-3	9.016	6.557	15.57	No	N/A
			AVERAGE	7.377	7.104	14.48		

Appendix A Agreed upon Deviations from NFPA 2112 and ASTM F1930-18

NFPA 2112

Section 8.5.3 – Washing Test specimens - This is completed by Underwriters Laboratories and assumed to meet the requirement but not verified. Since it cannot be verified it is listed as a deviation.

Section 8.5.8 – Pass/Fail - Being part of the North Carolina State University system we cannot identify an item as passing or failing. This will fall on the certification organization to determine.

ASTM F1930

Section 6.2.1 – Sensor Range - This section indicates that sensors must be able to have a range of 0 to 4.0 cal/s·cm². However, we cannot produce that amount of heat and we cannot find a source to verify that our sensors can achieve cal/s·cm².

Section 6.5.4.1 – Burn calculations without head burns included - This section requires calculating burn injury predictions for the entire manikin and the sections covered by a garment. NFPA 2112 supersedes this requirement by only requiring total burn injury predictions. Therefore, the predicted burn injury covered by just the garment is not reported.

Section 8.2.2 & 8.2.2.1 – Standard Garment - This is completed by Underwriters Laboratories and assumed to meet the requirement but not verified. Since it cannot be verified it is listed as a deviation.

Section 9.3 – Area Density Measurements - This is completed by Underwriters Laboratories and assumed to meet the requirement but not verified. Since it cannot be verified it is listed as a deviation.

Section 13.5.1.3 – Burn Predictions and Variation Statistic – Burn injury predictions are provided however variation statistics requirements are not defined. Therefore, we do not provide variation statistics.

Section 13.5.2 – Burn Prediction covered by garment – NFPA 2112 requires total burn injury predictions, therefore we only report total burn injury predictions for the entire manikin.

Section 13.6.1 – Afterflame intensity, location, and duration – Due to the complexity of detailing all this information in a few seconds time frame we only record the overall afterflame duration. If afterflame is extreme or located in one particular spot on the garment, these observations will be noted.

Appendix B

Pre/Post Nude Verification Results,
PyroManTM Test Specifications, Test Remarks, Photos, and
Manikin Burn Injury Prediction

3-Layer Skin Model

Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis

Data File Nam	231019K	Test Date	2023-10-19 9:35 AM	
System Identification	n PyroMan™	Sponsor	UL	
Garment Identification	STYLE GDI49 COVERALL, REP# B-1			
Garment size	NFPA 2112 REFERENCE		Conditioning Room Removal Time	2023-10-19 09:31 AM
N Washes	1 (-1 = Unknown)	00% Cotton Underwear	& Tshirt	
Garment/Fabric Comments	LAYER 1: COTTON T-SHIRT AND BRIE LAYER 2: STYLE GDI49 COVERALL, ANTISTATIC, TWILL WEAVE, 6.7 OS' COVERALLS PLACED IN CONDITIONI	48% TENCEL (VISCOSE Y, COLOR-BLACK		12% PARA-ARAMID/ 2%
Pre Test Comments	GARMENTS WERE PRECONDITIONED GARMENTS STORED IN CONDITIONED TESTING CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO SCIENTIST JOHN MORTON-ASLANIS) SPACE PRIOR TO TEST TO NFPA 2112-2023 AND AND RESEARCH TECHN	NG ASTM F1930-18 BY SR CIAN MARK MARTIN	THERMAL PROTECTION
	UL PROJECT ENGINEER: DAVID TOSI UL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTO CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C,	HACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN	DUL.COM IATIONAL	E OF COVERALL REMOVAL)
Post Test Comments	UL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTO CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C, AFTERFLAME NOT RECORDED	HACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN	@UL.COM IATIONAL IUMIDITY: 65% (AT TIMI	E OF COVERALL REMOVAL) om Temp (oC) 21
Post Test Comments Smoke Generation Sh Heavy	UL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTO CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C, AFTERFLAME NOT RECORDED	HACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN CONDITIONING ROOM H	@UL.COM IATIONAL IUMIDITY: 65% (AT TIMI	om Temp (oC)
Smoke Generation Sh	UL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTO CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C, AFTERFLAME NOT RECORDED rinkage Break-Open El Minor None Avg Expos. Heat Fl	HACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN CONDITIONING ROOM F mbrittlement N/A	Start Roc Start Avg Sen 2.00 Scan Ir	om Temp (oC)

 % 2nd Degree Burns
 7.377
 % Total Burn
 14.75

 % 3rd Degree Burns
 7.377

For More Information Contact:

North Carolina State University College of Textiles Textile Protection and Comfort Center 1020 Main Campus Drive Raleigh, NC 27606

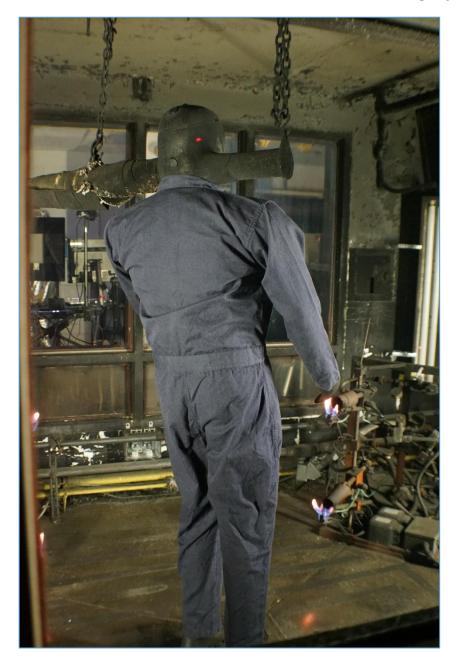
END of Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis Sheet

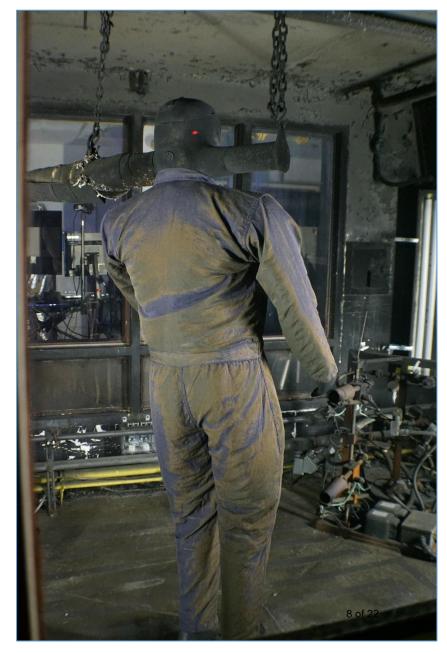
Style GDI49 Coverall, Rep# B-1 231019K

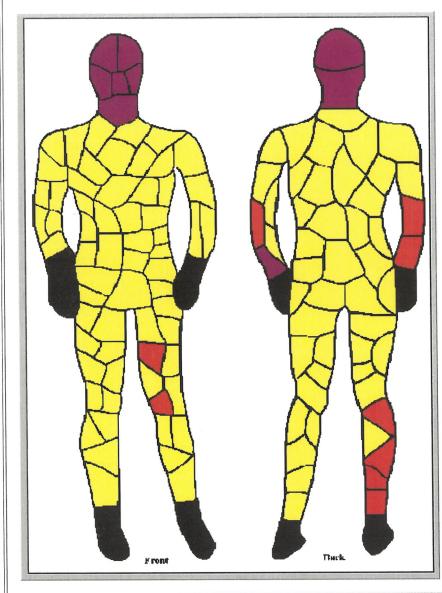




Style GDI49 Coverall, Rep# B-1 231019K







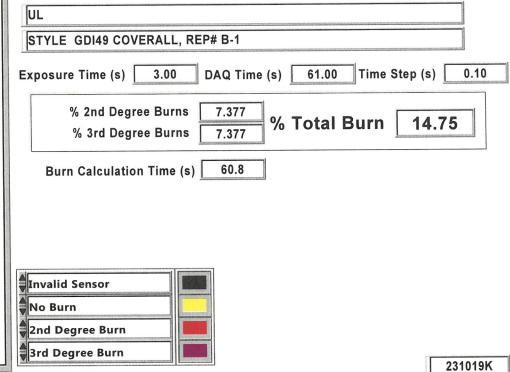
NCSU

PyroMan™

3-Layer Skin Model

Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis System

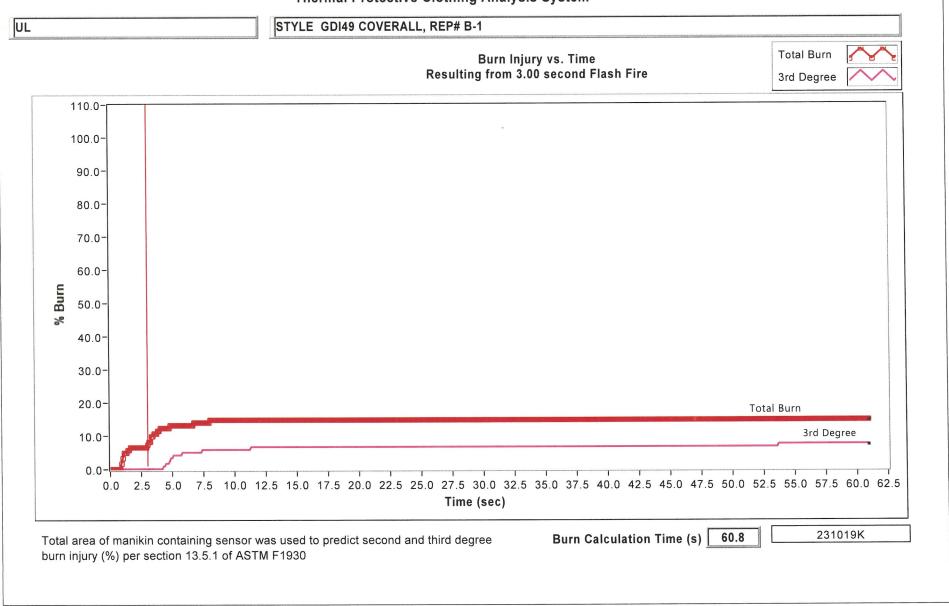
Burn Injury Prediction



PyroMan™

Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis System

3-Layer Skin Model



Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis

Data File Name	231019L	Test Date	2023-10-19 9:48 AM	
System Identification	PyroMan™	Sponsor	UL	
Garment Identification	STYLE GDI49 COVERALL, REP# B-2			
Garment size	NFPA 2112 REFERENCE		Conditioning Room Removal Time	10-19 09:43 AM
N Washes	1 (-1 = Unknown) 100	0% Cotton Underwear 8	a Tshirt	1
Garment/Fabric Comments	LAYER 1: COTTON T-SHIRT AND BRIEF LAYER 2: STYLE GDI49 COVERALL, 44 ANTISTATIC, TWILL WEAVE, 6.7 OSY, COVERALLS PLACED IN CONDITIONIN	8% TENCEL (VISCOSE COLOR-BLACK		ARA-ARAMID/ 2%
Pre Test Comments	GARMENTS WERE PRECONDITIONED BY GARMENTS STORED IN CONDITIONED STESTING CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO SCIENTIST JOHN MORTON-ASLANIS AND UL PROJECT ENGINEER: DAVID TOSHAUL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTOM CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C, CO	SPACE PRIOR TO TESTI O NFPA 2112-2023 AND ND RESEARCH TECHNI ACK, DAVID.TOSHACK@ IER NAME: G D INTERN	NG ASTM F1930-18 BY SR THERM CIAN MARK MARTIN ⊉UL.COM ATIONAL	
Post Test Comments	AFTERFLAME NOT RECORDED			
Smoke Generation Shr	mage Broak open	brittlement	Start Room Tem	granten and a second and a second as
Heavy $ abla$	Minor None None	N/A	Start Avg Sens. Tem	o (oC) 32
Total DAQ tim	e (s) 61 Avg Expos. Heat Flux	x (cal/(cm^2*sec)	.00 Scan Interval	(s) 0.10
Exposure Time	e (s) 3.00 Torci	nes Used ALL	ALL, or those used,	separated by commas
			Burn Calculation Time	(s) 60.8

% 2nd Degree Burns	5.738	% Total Burn	13.11
% 3rd Degree Burns	7.377	, ,	

For More Information Contact:

North Carolina State University College of Textiles Textile Protection and Comfort Center 1020 Main Campus Drive Raleigh, NC 27606

END of Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis Sheet

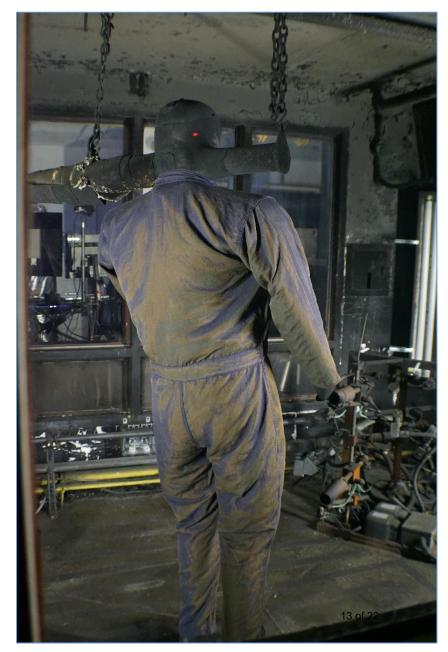
Style GDI49 Coverall, Rep# B-2 231019L

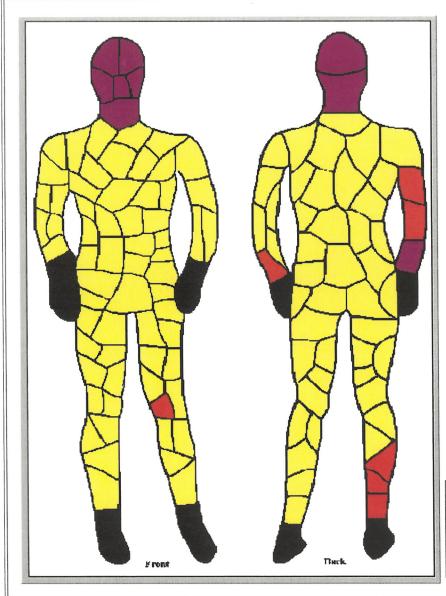




Style GDI49 Coverall, Rep# B-2 231019L







NCSU

PyroMan™

3-Layer Skin Model

Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis System

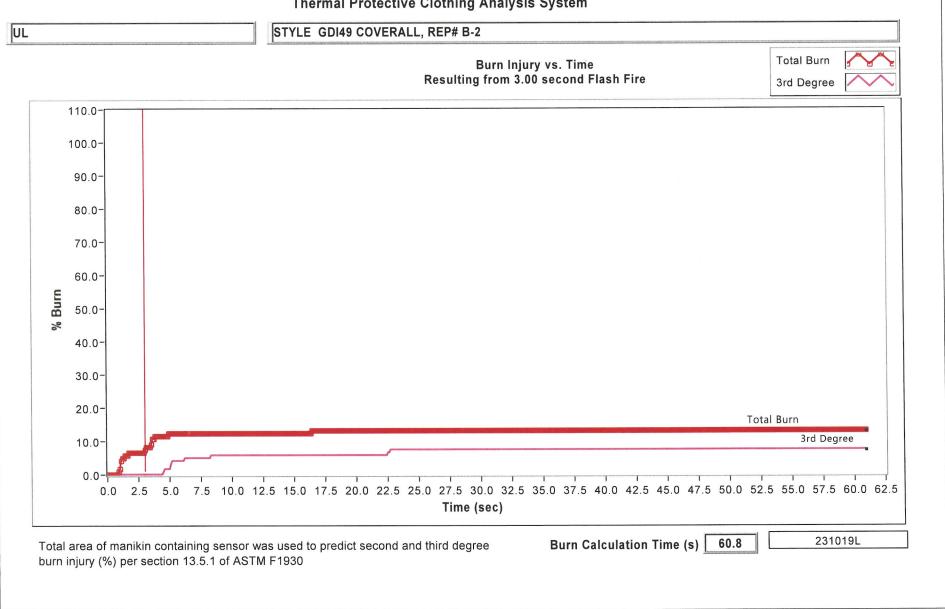
Burn Injury Prediction

UL	
STYLE GDI49 COVERALL, REP# B-2	
Exposure Time (s) 3.00 DAQ Time (s) 61.00 Time Step (s) 0.1	0
% 2nd Degree Burns 5.738 % Total Burn 13.11	
Burn Calculation Time (s) 60.8	
Invalid Sensor	
No Burn 2nd Degree Burn	
3rd Degree Burn	
231019	/ L

PyroMan™

Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis System

3-Layer Skin Model



Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis

Data File Name	231019M	Test Date	2023-10-19 9:59 AM		
System Identification	PyroMan™	Sponsor	UL		
Garment Identification	STYLE GDI49 COVERALL, REP# B-3				
Garment size	NFPA 2112 REFERENCE		Conditioning Room Removal Time	2023-10-19	09:50 AM
N Washes	1 (-1 = Unknown) 10	0% Cotton Underwear	& Tshirt		1
Comments	LAYER 1: COTTON T-SHIRT AND BRIEI LAYER 2: STYLE GDI49 COVERALL, 4 ANTISTATIC, TWILL WEAVE, 6.7 OSY, COVERALLS PLACED IN CONDITIONIN	8% TENCEL (VISCOSE , COLOR-BLACK		12% PARA-AI	RAMID/ 2%
	GARMENTS WERE PRECONDITIONED B GARMENTS STORED IN CONDITIONED T TESTING CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO	SPACE PRIOR TO TEST O NFPA 2112-2023 AND	NG ASTM F1930-18 BY SR	THERMAL PR	OTECTION
	SCIENTIST JOHN MORTON-ASLANIS A UL PROJECT ENGINEER: DAVID TOSH, UL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTOM CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C, C	ACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN	DUL.COM IATIONAL	E OF COVERA	ALL REMOVAL)
	UL PROJECT ENGINEER: DAVID TOSH	ACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN	DUL.COM IATIONAL	E OF COVERA	ALL REMOVAL)
Post Test Comments	UL PROJECT ENGINEER: DAVID TOSH, UL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTOM CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C, C AFTERFLAME NOT RECORDED	ACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN	@UL.COM IATIONAL IUMIDITY: 65% (AT TIMI	E OF COVERA	
	UL PROJECT ENGINEER: DAVID TOSH, UL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTOM CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C, C AFTERFLAME NOT RECORDED	ACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN CONDITIONING ROOM F	@UL.COM IATIONAL IUMIDITY: 65% (AT TIMI	om Temp (oC)	22
Post Test Comments Smoke Generation Shri	UL PROJECT ENGINEER: DAVID TOSH, UL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTOM CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C, C AFTERFLAME NOT RECORDED Inkage Break-Open Em Minor None	ACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN CONDITIONING ROOM F brittlement N/A	Start Roc Start Avg Sen	om Temp (oC) is. Temp (oC)	22
Post Test Comments Smoke Generation Shri Heavy	UL PROJECT ENGINEER: DAVID TOSH, UL PROJECT#4790794697, UL CUSTOM CONDITIONING ROOM TEMP: 21°C, C AFTERFLAME NOT RECORDED INkage Break-Open Em Minor None (s) 61 Avg Expos. Heat Flu	ACK, DAVID.TOSHACK(MER NAME: G D INTERN CONDITIONING ROOM F brittlement N/A	Start Roc Start Avg Sen 2.00 Scan Ir	om Temp (oC) is. Temp (oC) interval (s)	22 32

% 2nd Degree Burns 9.016 % Total Burn
% 3rd Degree Burns 6.557

For More Information Contact:

15.57

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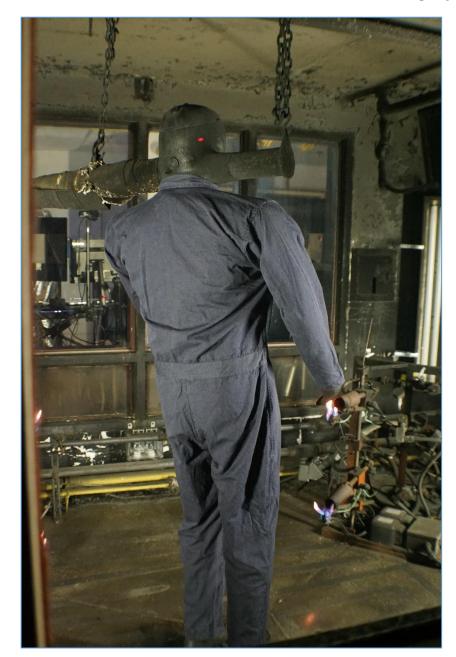
END of Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis Sheet

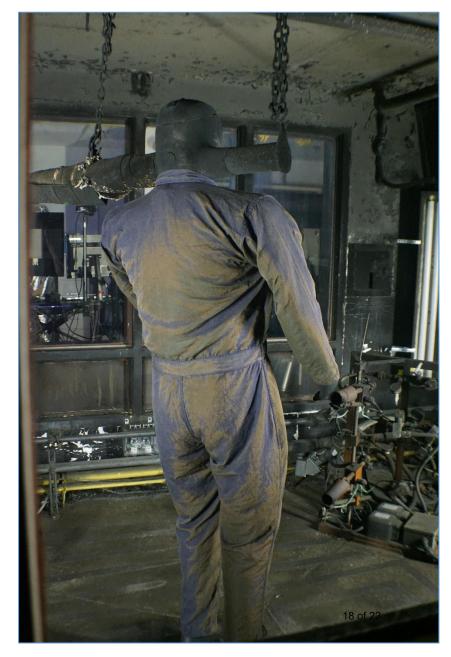
Style GDI49 Coverall, Rep# B-3 231019M

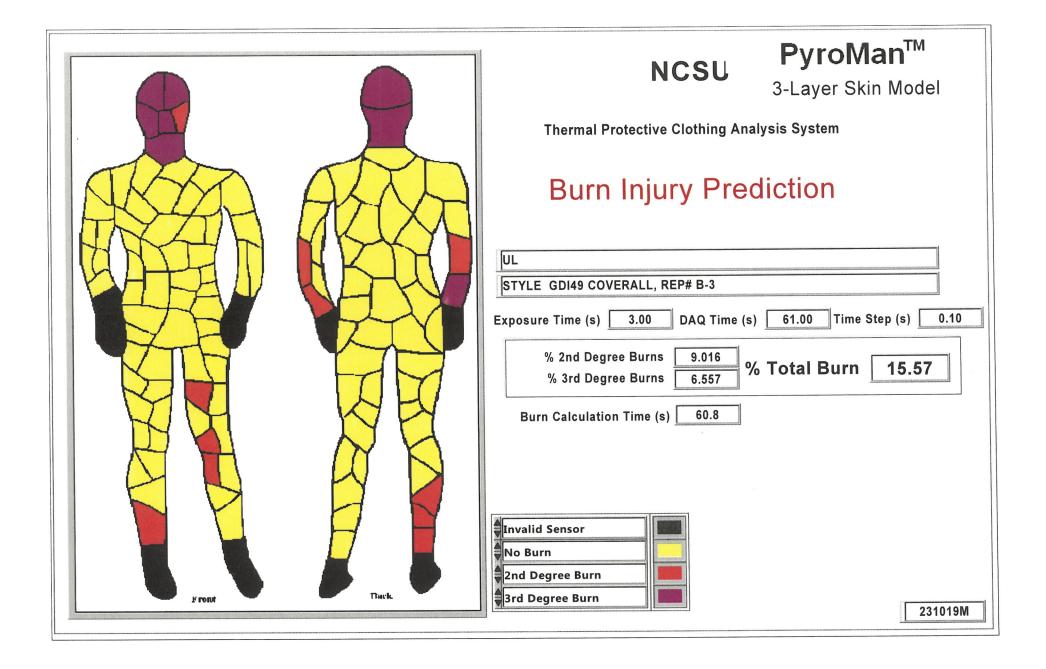




Style GDI49 Coverall, Rep# B-3 231019M







PyroMan™

Thermal Protective Clothing Analysis System

3-Layer Skin Model

STYLE GDI49 COVERALL, REP# B-3 UL Total Burn Burn Injury vs. Time Resulting from 3.00 second Flash Fire 3rd Degree 110.0-100.0-90.0-80.0-70.0-60.0-Burn 50.0-40.0-30.0-20.0-Total Burn 3rd Degree 10.0-5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 22.5 25.0 27.5 30.0 32.5 35.0 37.5 40.0 42.5 45.0 47.5 50.0 52.5 55.0 57.5 60.0 62.5 Time (sec) 231019M Burn Calculation Time (s) 60.8 Total area of manikin containing sensor was used to predict second and third degree burn injury (%) per section 13.5.1 of ASTM F1930

Date Printed: Printed on 10/19/2023 07:14:31 AM Data Directory: C:\Users\PyroMan-1\Documents\TPACC\PyroMan\data\231019B Data File: 231019B.dat Exposure Time (s): 3.0 Time Interval (s): 0.10 Sensor Flux Avg (cal/cm^2/s): 2.02 Sensor Flux SD (cal/cm^2/s): 0.37

For More Information Contact:

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Start of Day Calibration

NCSU Flux Calibration	PyroMan™
Date Printed: Printed on 10/19/2023 10:15:50 AM	
Data Directory: C:\Users\PyroMan-1\Documents\TPACC\PyroMan\data\231019N	
Data File: 231019N.dat	
Exposure Time (s): 3.0	
Time Interval (s): 0.10	
Sensor Flux Avg (cal/cm^2/s): 2.02	
Sensor Flux SD (cal/cm^2/s): 0.33	

For More Information Contact:

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College of Textiles
Textile Protection and Comfort Center
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End of Day Calibration